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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR CONFIRMATION NO. James Davis 081607-1150 09/925,786 08/09/2001 5372 EXAMINER 24504 02/09/2004 7590 THOMAS, KAYDEN, HORSTEMEYER & RISLEY, LLP EL HADY, NABIL M 100 GALLERIA PARKWAY, NW ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER STE 1750 ATLANTA, GA 30339-5948 * 2154 DATE MAILED: 02/09/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Offic Action Summary	09/925,786	DAVIS ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Nabil M El-Hady	2154	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	o ars on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address	5
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tilly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a, cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this commun ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	sication.
Status			
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 A</u> 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under B	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pr		its is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers	wn from consideration.	,	
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9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	er. cepted or b)⊡ objected to by the	Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• •
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicat crity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stag	e
Attachment(s)	-		
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>2 & 3</u>. 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:		ı

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1. Claims 1-27 are pending in this application.

- 2. The information disclosure statement filed 10/1/2001 and 12/3/2001 fail to comply with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97, 1.98 and MPEP § 609 because a legible copy of each U.S. and foreign patent; each publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; is not provided. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered as to the merits. Applicant is advised that the date of any re-submission of any item of information contained in this information disclosure statement or the submission of any missing element(s) will be the date of submission for purposes of determining compliance with the requirements based on the time of filing the statement, including all certification requirements for statements under 37 CFR 1.97(e). See MPEP § 609 ¶ C(1).
- 3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

4. Claims 1-27 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-64 of U.S. Patent No. 6,437,692, hereafter "692". Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the limitations of the claims in both the instant application and in "692"

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are directed to system for controlling communication and/or for remote data collection between/from a host computer connected to a first communication network and a plurality of communication devices that define a second communication network associated with a plurality of remote devices that are to be monitored and controlled by the host computer, All the limitations of claims 1-27 in the instant application can be either derived or obvious from the limitation in the claims of "692".

- 5. Claim 21 is objected to because of the following informalities: apparent typing error made claim 21 dependent from the same claim 21. Appropriate correction is required.
- 6. Claim 27 is objected to because of the following informalities: apparent typing error in "means for determine" at line 3. Appropriate correction is required.
- 7. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 8. Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The meaning of the phrase "the step of managing communication with wherein the first communication protocol", of lines 2-3 is not clearly understood.

9. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

- 10. Claims 1-4, 6-8, 10-12, 15-17, 20-25, and 27, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Cunningham et al. (US 6,124,806), hereafter "Cunningham".
- 11. As to claims 1 and 23, Cunningham discloses the invention as claimed including a site controller (DCM 112, Fig. 1) adapted to be used in an automated monitoring system configured for monitoring and controlling a plurality of remote devices (SIM 102, Fig. 1) via a host computer connected to a first communication network (CN 118, Fig. 1), the site controller configured for controlling communication with the host computer (HM 120, Fig. 1) and a plurality of communication devices that define a second communication network associated with the plurality of remote devices (108, Fig. 1) (col. 4, lines 47-67), the site controller comprising: a transceiver configured to communicate with the plurality of communication devices via the second communication network (2008, Fig. 25; and inherent in col. 4, lines 56-60; and col. 6, lines 11-18; 45-49); a network interface device configured to communicate with the host computer via the first communication network (inherent in col. 4, lines 60-62; and col. 7, lines 19-24); logic configured to: manage communication with each of the plurality of communication devices (col. 22, line 8 to col. 23, line 57; and Figs. 35 and 36), via a first communication protocol (col. 12, lines 52-59; and col. 33, line 45 to col. 34, line 49), based on one or more communication paths for each of the plurality of communication devices, each communication path comprising one or more communication devices involved in the communication link between the transceiver and each of the plurality of communication devices (col. 6, lines 20-31;

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and 108, Fig. 1); and manage communication with the host computer via a second communication protocol (col. 45, line 54 to col. 46, line 5).

12. As to claim 15, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claims 1 and 23 above. In addition. Cunningham discloses a method for controlling communication with a host computer (Host Module HM 122, Fig 1) connected to a first communication network (Communication network CN 118, Fig. 1) and a plurality of communication devices (Sensor Interface Module SIM 102, Fig. 1) that define a second communication network (hardwire or Wireless transmission 108, Fig. 1) associated with a plurality of remote devices (inherent) that are to be monitored and controlled by the host computer (Host Module HM 122, Fig.1), the method comprising the steps of determining a unique address for each of the plurality of communication devices by receiving an initialization message (inherent in col. 13, lines 54-56; col. 14, lines 12-20; and col. 15, lines 4-12), determining with which of the plurality of communications devices that each of the plurality of communication devices has a communication link (inherent in col. 6, lines 20-50); based on the plurality of unique addresses and which of the plurality of communications devices each of the plurality of communication devices has a communication link with, determining one or more communication paths associated with each of the plurality of communication devices (inherent in col. 6, line 51 to col. 7, line 17; and col. 16, lines 20-35); managing communication with each of the plurality of communication devices (col. 22, line 8 to col. 23, line 57; and Figs. 35 and 36), via a first communication protocol (col. 12, lines 52-59; and col. 33, line 45 to col. 34, line 49), based on or more of the communication paths associated with each of the plurality of communication devices (col. 6, lines 20-31; and 108, Fig. 1); and managing communication with the host computer via a second communication protocol (col. 45, line 54 to col. 46, line 5).

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- 13. As to claim 2, Cunningham discloses the logic as software and discloses a micro controller for implementing the logic (col. 22, lines 7-8).
- 14. As to claims 3, 16, and 24, Cunningham discloses each of the plurality of communication devices are wireless communication devices (col. 6, lines 11-13), the plurality of wireless communication devices being disposed throughout a geographic area such that the antenna patterns associated with the plurality of wireless communication device overlap to create a coverage area that defines the second communication network (inherent in col. 6, lines 11-19; col. 7, lines 32-44; and col. 14, lines 1-11).
- 15. As to claims 4, 17, and 25, Cunningham discloses the first communication network as a wide area network (col. 32, lines 41-45; and col. 45, lines 60-67) and the second communication protocol comprises TCP/IP (col. 34, lines 58-65).
- 16. As to claim 6, Cunningham discloses the network interface device is selected from the group consisting of a dial-up modem, an ISDN card, a DSL modem, and a LAN card inherent in col.32, lines 41-45).
- 17. As to claim 7, and 27, Cunningham discloses the logic is configured to determine the one or more communication paths for each of the communication devices (inherent in col. 6, line 51 to col. 7, line 17; and col. 16, lines 20-35); by receiving initialization commands from the plurality of communication devices (inherent in col. 13, lines 54-56; col. 14, lines 12-20; and col. 15, lines 4-12).

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- 18. As to claim 8, Cunningham discloses one or more look-up tables residing in a memory (col. 31, lines 6-17).
- 19. As to claims 10, 11, and 21, Cunningham discloses the logic is configured to receive a first message generated by one of the plurality of communication devices via the second communication network, the first message comprising a first communication device identifier associated with the one of the plurality of communication devices associated with one of the plurality of remote devices that generated the first message (col. 13, lines 54-56) and a predetermined function code corresponding to a data signal provided by the one of the plurality of remote devices associated with the one of the plurality of wireless communication devices that generated the message (inherent in col. 14, lines 20-24), the logic is configured to determine, based on the first communication device identifier, the one of the wireless communication devices that generated the first data signal (inherent in col. 14, lines 18-20).
- 20. As to claim 12, Cunningham discloses the logic is configured to translate the first message into a second message configured for transmission to the host computer via the first communication network (inherent in col. 32, lines 46-54).
- 21. As to claim 20, Cunningham discloses receiving a request, via the first communication network, from the host computer for information related to one of the plurality of remote devices, providing a command message to the second communication network for delivery to the one of the plurality of remote devices based on one of the communication paths associated with the communication device corresponding to the one of the plurality of remote devices (col. 32, lines 15-24; col. 44, lines 14-35, 54-64); and col.45, lines 54-59).

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22. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 23. Claims 5, 9, 13, 14,18, 19, and 26 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cunningham et al. (US 6,124,806), hereafter "Cunningham" as applied to claims 1-4, 6-8, 10-12, 15-17, 20-25, and 27 in view of Johnson et al. (US 5,673,252), hereafter "Johnson".

As to claims 5, 9, 18, 19, and 26, Cunningham discloses the first communication protocol comprises a data packet, the data packet comprising: a from address, and a command number comprising a function code, a data field, a checksum field; and a packet number field (col. 14, lines 13-54; and Fig. 21). Cunningham, however, does not discloses other fields in the packet, such as a to address, a packet length field; a packet maximum field, and a message number field. Johnson, on the other hand, discloses a message packet that includes these fields (e.g. Fig. 3). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Cunningham and Johnson because Johnson's extended packet fields would increase the communication efficiency in Cunniungham's system by allowing for broadcast messages and avoiding network congestion.

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24. As to claims 13 and 14, Cunningham does not disclose a second communication identifier associated with an intermediate communication device. Johnson, on the other hand, discloses a second communication identifier associated with an intermediate communication device(e.g. the to address field, Fig. 3). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Cunningham and Johnson because Johnson's extended packet fields would increase the communication efficiency in Cunniungham's system by allowing for broadcast messages and avoiding network congestion.

25. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Hines (US 5,200,735); Ulman et al. (US 6,234,111); Lyons et al. (US 6,208,266); Smith et al. (US 6,054,920); Granato et al. (US 6,021,664); Washino et al. (US 5,625,410); kirchner et al. (US 6,064,318); Spaur et al. (US 5,732,074); Davis et al. (US 6,128,551); Glidewell et al. (US 5,319,698); Chavez, Jr. Et al. (US 5,907,807); and Lyon et al. (US 5,892,924).

26. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nabil M El-Hady whose telephone number is (703) 308-7990. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 - 4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Follansbee can be reached on (703) 305-8498. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

February 6, 2004

Nabil El-Hady, Ph.D, M.B.A. Primary Patent Examiner

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